



Committee on Technical Barriers to Trade

**NOTIFICATIONS ISSUED DURING THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY,
2019**

In the Second Triennial Review of the Operation and Implementation of the TBT Agreement (concluded in November 2000), Members instructed the Secretariat to prepare a monthly list of notifications. The attached table contains a list of all notifications issued during the month of February, 2019, which includes a total of new notifications by Members.

Notifying Member	Notification/ Date of Circulation	Articles	Product/Measure	Objective	Deadline for Comments
Argentina	G/TBT/N/ARG/356 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			Not applicable
Bahrain, Kingdom of	G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Labeling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.	Consumer Health	19 April 2019
Bangladesh	G/TBT/N/BGD/1 20 February 2019	[] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Products that are covered under mandatory certification for sales and distribution	To ensure that the product sale, import or distribute are of appropriate quality as per BSTI standards.	Non-applicable

	G/TBT/N/BGD/2 21 February 2019	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	Medicine and pharmaceutical products	<p>The Policy aims:</p> <p>to ensure that the people have easy access to safe, effective and good quality drugs at affordable prices</p> <p>to ensure rational and safe use of drugs and proper dispensing</p> <p>to achieve self-sufficiency in the manufacture of drugs and raw materials by providing services and facilities on a priority basis to all local drug manufacturing industries</p> <p>to expand the export of drugs that are manufactured in the country</p> <p>to establish effective surveillance system of medicines.</p>	
Canada	G/TBT/N/CAN/578 20 February 2019	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5.6.2	Radio communications (ICS 33.060)	Spectrum Management	90 days after publication
China	G/TBT/N/CHN/1311 22 February 2019	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5.6.2	Cosmetics	To adjust and optimize the inspection words in the process of cosmetic registration and filing.	60 days from notification

European Union	G/TBT/N/EU/641 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Chemical substance 4-tert-butylphenol (PTBP) (EC No. 202-679-0, CAS No. 98-54-4, HS code 29071990	4-tert-butylphenol meets the criteria for its identification as a substance of very high concern in accordance with Article 57(f) of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 due to its endocrine disrupting properties whose effects on the environment give rise to an equivalent concern to other substances of very high concern. The objective of this draft is to identify 4-tert-butylphenol as a substance of very high concern due to these properties and to include that substance in the Candidate List referred to in Article 59(1) of REACH.	8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/EU/642 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Single use plastic products, fishing gear and products made from oxo-degradable plastic	Prevention and reduction of the impact on the environment, in particular the aquatic environment, and human health.	13 April 2019

	<p>G/TBT/N/EU/643 15 February 2019</p>	<p>[X] 2.9.2</p>	<p>Chemical substances</p>	<p>The objective of this draft Regulation is to subject 12 substances of very high concern to the authorisation requirement laid down in the REACH Regulation. According to Article 55 of REACH, the aim of the authorisation provisions is "to ensure the good functioning of the internal market while assuring that the risks from substances of very high concern are properly controlled and that these substances are progressively replaced by suitable alternative substances or technologies where these are economically and technically viable."</p> <p>The proposal to extend the transitional period for a number of substances for uses in legacy spare parts and repair of articles produced before the sunset date aims at allowing for the future adoption of measures on simplified applications for authorisation for those uses, which are considered necessary in order to avoid the premature obsolescence of such articles.</p>	<p>16 April 2019</p>
--	--------------------------------------------	------------------	----------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------

	<p>G/TBT/N/EU/644 26 February 2019</p>	<p>[X] 2.9.2</p>	<p>Desmedipham (pesticide active substance)</p>	<p>Protection of human health or safety; protection of animal or plant life or health; protection of the environment.</p> <p>In order for an active substance to be approved in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 (concerning the placing of plant protection products on the market), it must be demonstrated that the substance is not harmful to human health, animal health or the environment. Criteria are listed in Article 4 of the Regulation (and also detailed in Annex II) which must be met to enable approval.</p> <p>During the evaluation and peer-review of desmedipham, a number of concerns and areas that could not be finalised were identified. These are detailed in the conclusion of the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA).</p> <p>In particular, it was not possible to exclude exposure of consumers and/or livestock to residues containing free and/or conjugated aniline (classified as mutagen category 2 and carcinogen category 2) and consumer</p>	<p>27 April 2019</p>
--	--------------------------------------------	------------------	---------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------

				<p>exposure to residues containing 4-aminophenol (classified as mutagen category 2) via animal commodities.</p> <p>A high long-term risk to mammals was identified for all representative uses, except for insectivorous mammals when the use pattern includes only one application. A high long-term risk for birds was identified for the representative uses in sugar beet/fodder beet, when the use pattern includes two or three applications.</p> <p>Finally, the Authority also concluded that assessment of the endocrine disrupting potential could not be completed based on the available information.</p> <p>These concerns mean that desmedipham does not meet the approval criteria as outlined in Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 and cannot be approved currently.</p> <p>Existing authorisations will need to be withdrawn; Member States must withdraw existing plant protection products containing desmedipham at the latest by 6 months from the date of entry</p>	
--	--	--	--	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				into force. A period of grace in line with Article 46 of Regulation 1107/2009 is allowed for and shall expire at the latest 12 months from the entry into force.	
India	G/TBT/N/IND/88 22 February 2019	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5.6.2	Food Products	Details of notification of laboratory and fee for forwarding sample for analysis	23 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/IND/87 22 February 2019	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2			
Israel	G/TBT/N/ISR/1033 5 February 2019	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	Paints and varnishes		6 April 2019
Italy	G/TBT/N/ITA/34 14 February 2019	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	Car seat reminder devices for vehicles from international categories M1, N1, N2 and N3	The notified standards need to be adopted because the types of devices in question are not currently covered by specific technical specifications harmonized at European Union level.	23 April 2019

Japan	G/TBT/N/JPN/620 26 February 2019	[] 2.9.2 [X] 2.10.1	Substances with probable effects on the central nervous system	In order to prevent the abuse of substances with probable effects on the central nervous system and to clarify the regulation under the Act, the MHLW designates such substances as "Shitei Yakubutsu". Manufacture, import and sale, simple ownership and the use of "Shitei Yakubutsu" are banned except for the "proper uses" designated under the Act.	Not applicable
Kenya	G/TBT/N/KEN/801 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/802 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/804 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/799 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/806 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/800 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019

	G/TBT/N/KEN/803 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/798 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/805 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/807 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/796 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/797 14 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/808 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			29 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/810 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/809 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			29 March 2019

	G/TBT/N/KEN/813 21 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/812 21 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/811 21 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			30 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/814 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			4 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/815 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			4 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/816 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			2 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/823 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			11 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/821 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			11 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/818 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			11 April 2019

	G/TBT/N/KEN/820 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			11 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/819 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			11 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/822 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			11 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/817 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			2 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/827 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			14 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/824 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			15 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/825 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			14 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/KEN/826 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			14 April 2019
Korea, Republic of	G/TBT/N/KOR/810 1 February 2019	[] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Medical Devices	Promoting the health and safety of patients and medical professionals	2 April 2019, 60 days from date of notification

	G/TBT/N/KOR/809 1 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Chemical substances subject to submission of chemicals verification result in accordance with the existing Chemicals Control Act, including chemicals subject to import declaration	It needs to enhance the existing chemicals verification regulation swiftly in order to identify and understand which chemical substance causes a chemical accident when it occurs, and take appropriate safety measures.	2 April 2019, 60 days from the date of this notification
	G/TBT/N/KOR/811 15 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Medical Devices	It aims to :a. protect public health against adverse events caused by unintended foreign bodies in medical devices; andb. enhance effectiveness of post market surveillance for medical devices	16 April 2019, 60 days from date of notification
	G/TBT/N/KOR/812 21 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Pharmaceuticals		60 days from date of notification

Kuwait, the State of	G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Labeling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.	Consumer Health	19 April 2019
----------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------	-------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------	---------------

Lithuania	G/TBT/N/LTU/35 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2		<p>Aim of the regulation is:</p> <p>The aim of this regulation is to reduce the availability of alcoholic beverages by purposeful restriction of sale of alcoholic beverages, which are mainly intended for heavy alcohol drinkers / harmful alcohol users.</p> <p>The expected outcome of this regulation is the disappearance of such alcoholic beverages which are popular among heavy alcohol drinkers / harmful alcohol users. (e.g. strong beer, wine in plastic bottles, strong alcoholic beverages in so called "yoghurt style cup" / "one-shot-glass" container), and in long term - expected decline in alcohol consumption among heavy alcohol drinkers / harmful alcohol users.</p> <p>According to the Alcohol Consumption Study [1] conducted by Vilnius University's Faculty of Economics, published in 2017, heavy alcohol drinkers often prefer cheap strong beer in plastic containers or cheap fortified fruit wine, which are particularly popular among heavy alcohol drinkers living in the countryside.</p>	8 April 2019
-----------	-----------------------------------	-----------	--	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------

				<p>The aim of the mentioned study was to quantify the Lithuanian alcohol consumption habits, identify the quantities of consumption, the portrait of alcohol consumers and specific challenges related to alcohol consumption. During the study in 2016, 1113 Lithuanian inhabitants in age of 15-70 years old were interviewed in Lithuanian cities and countryside. 51 respondents belonging to the group of social risk families were additionally interviewed. In co-operation with the State Tax Inspectorate, a detailed analysis of the realization of alcoholic beverages in Lithuania was carried out as well, and the research was based on the results of the research of the shadow alcohol market in Lithuania.</p> <p>According to the survey, among persons who consumed alcohol, 3.7% of consumers drink alcohol daily or almost daily, 10.5 percent - 2-4 times a week, 17.2 percent - once a week, 23 percent - 2-3 times a month, the rest - once a month and less often. According to the survey, 10 percent of alcohol users consumed about 37 percent of all alcohol consumed in</p>	
--	--	--	--	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				<p>the whole country (what clearly shows the problematic part of population that should be targeted by alcohol control measures, along with other complex measures to reduce problematic alcohol consumption).</p> <p>According to the data of the State Tax Inspectorate, strong beer (over 6% strength) accounts for about 25% of beer sold in the country and about 19% of the total alcohol sold in the country. According to the publicly available data by the market research company Nielsen [2, 3], about half of drinking beer in rural areas is stronger than 6% alcohol by volume. Meanwhile, as it has been announced, the consumption of strong beer in rural areas is in fact not decreasing. The so called "yoghurt style cup" / "one-shot-glass" products are very cheap. Prices for both 0.1 liter plastic and glass containers vary from €1.35 to €1.50.</p> <p>Experts emphasize that action to reduce alcohol consumption in the Lithuania requires action, first and foremost to those who consume alcohol daily and get intoxicated</p>	
--	--	--	--	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				<p>with cheap strong beer in plastic bottles and fortified wine [2].</p> <p>On the contrary, the sale of such alcoholic beverages intended for harmful alcohol users and thus for particularly vulnerable persons is not ethical, logical (while the state has to allocate funds from the state and municipal budgets for the treatment of their dependence and the consequences of harmful consumption (violence, crime, etc.)), and the socially responsible business should support such a ban and no longer sell such alcoholic beverages which, in principle, are even more mutilate the vulnerable public groups and, as a result, generate significant socio-economic burden for the state.</p> <p>The regulation is also justified by the fact that Lithuania is facing especial challenge in high alcohol consumption in comparing with countries in the World Health Organization (WHO / EURO), and also in the Baltic region. According to the WHO data, total alcohol consumption (liters, absolute alcohol, per person over 15 years of age) in Lithuania is</p>	
--	--	--	--	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				<p>among the highest in the WHO/EURO region (Lithuania ranks second place after Moldova): in Lithuania - 15 liters; the WHO / EURO average - 9.8 liters, in Latvia - 12.9, in Estonia - 11.6 [4]. According to the WHO [4], heavy episodic drinking in Lithuania is extremely high in comparing to the WHO / EURO region countries, and the prevalence of alcohol dependence in Lithuania is almost 1.5 times higher than the WHO / EURO region average. According to the European Commission and the OECD publication "State of health in the EU. Lithuania. Country Health Profile 2017"[5]:</p> <p>„Lithuania has the highest level of alcohol consumption in the EU (50% higher than the EU average) and more than one in three men report heavy alcohol consumption on a regular basis“</p> <p>It should be noted that similar regulation in Latvia on restriction of sale of alcoholic beverages depending on alcohol strength and container capacity, has been successfully notified to the European Commission [6].</p>	
--	--	--	--	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				<p>In addition, the draft Law provides for a fairly long transitional period (the draft Law is expected to enter into force on 1 July 2020), which will enable the business to sell out the existing products and to adapt in time to the legal regulation that is particularly relevant for Lithuania in the context of challenging alcohol consumption statistics and which together with other complex alcohol control and prevention measures would contribute to tackling of the country's especial sensitive public health problem.</p> <p>The proposed regulation neither impose significant restrictions on business or significantly impede the free movement of goods, since the market share of such goods is insignificant to business, but is a step towards development of a socially responsible business and is proportionate to its aim of purposeful restriction of availability of alcoholic beverages, which are mainly intended for heavy alcohol drinkers / harmful alcohol users, and in long term – to reduction of alcohol consumption and protecting the</p>	
--	--	--	--	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				<p>health of the particularly vulnerable part of society (heavy alcohol drinkers / harmful alcohol users).</p> <p>[1] http://lsveikata.lt/aktualijos/alkoholio-vartojimo-tyrimas-10-proc-gerianciuju-isgeria-trecdali-salyjesu-vartojamo-alkoholio-6483</p> <p>[2] https://www.delfi.lt/sveikata/sveikatos-naujienos/ekspertu-isvada-alkoholio-draudimai-turi-buti-nukreipti-visai-kita-kryptimi.d?id=74718166</p> <p>[3] https://www.delfi.lt/verslas/verslas/valstieciu-laukia-issukis-ar-isdris-imtis-aukso-gyslos.d?id=74871646</p> <p>[4] https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/274603/9789241565639-eng.pdf</p> <p>[5] http://www.euro.who.int/__data/assets/pdf_file/0010/355987/Health-Profile-Lithuania-Eng.pdf?ua=1</p> <p>[6] https://eng.lsm.lv/article/society/</p>	
--	--	--	--	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

				society/big-plastic-beer-bottles-banned-from-2020.a236084/	
Malawi	G/TBT/N/MWI/21 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Bun	Quality and labelling requirements	13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/23 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/29 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Fresh and chilled fish – Specification		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/20 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Maize grain (Zea mays)	Quality and labelling requirements	13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/31 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Salted fish and dried salted fish – Specification		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/32 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Tomato concentrates (tomato puree and paste)		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/34 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Preserved tomatoes		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/35 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Undercoats for paints		13 April 2019

	G/TBT/N/MWI/25 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/27 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Canned sardine and sardine type products – Specification		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/39 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/30 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Smoked finfish, smoke-flavoured finfish and smoke-dried finfish – Specification		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/38 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/19 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Packaged, dry, combined materials for mortar and concrete		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/33 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Tomato sauce and ketchup		13 April 2019

	G/TBT/N/MWI/28 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Quick frozen fish fillets – Specification		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/37 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/22 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Fresh and frozen whole fin fish – Specification	Quality and labelling requirements	13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/36 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Decorative high gloss enamel paints		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/26 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Dried fresh water small pelagics – Specification		13 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/MWI/24 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Sausages – Specification Part 3: Fish sausages	Quality and labelling requirements	13 April 2019

Mexico	G/TBT/N/MEX/448 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Pressurized portable containers and pressurized transportable containers - Safety in warehouses	The notified draft Mexican Official Standard establishes the technical specifications concerning industrial safety, operational safety and environmental protection to be met by centres distributing or selling liquid petroleum gas in pressurized portable containers and pressurized transportable containers during the design, construction, operation and maintenance, closure and dismantling of such centres.	26 March 2019
	G/TBT/N/MEX/449 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Facilities handling open-source radioactive material	The notified draft Mexican Official Standard establishes criteria for classifying facilities that handle open radioactive sources according to the radiotoxicity of the sources, their activity and the processes to which they are subjected.	16 April 2019

Oman	G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Labelling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.	Consumer Health	19 April 2019
------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------	--------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------	---------------

Peru	G/TBT/N/PER/111 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Organic agricultural products; Sections I to IV of the Harmonized System, excluding Chapters 3 and 16. Live animals (HS 01), Meat and edible meat offal (HS 02), Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included (HS 04), Products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included (HS 05), Live trees and other plants; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage (HS 06),	Consumer information, labelling; Prevention of deceptive practices and consumer protection; To establish procedures and requirements for authorization of certification bodies and oversight so as to ensure the organic nature of products referred to as organic, "bio" or eco-friendly on the domestic and external markets.	23 April 2019
------	-------------------------------------	-----------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------

			Edible vegetables and certain roots and tubers (HS 07), Edible fruit and nuts; peel of citrus fruit or melons (HS 08), Coffee, tea, maté and spices (HS 09).		
Qatar	G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Labelling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.	Consumer Health	19 April 2019
Russian Federation	G/TBT/N/RUS/91 12 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Food products; related to the requirements for food products processes of production (manufacturing), storage, transportation, sale and disposal		10 April 2019

Saudi Arabia, Kingdom of	G/TBT/N/SAU/991/Rev. 1 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	871610000000 871620000000 871631000000 871639100000 871639200000 871639300000 871639400000 871639500000 871639700000 871640100000 871640200000 871640300000 871680140000 871680170000 871680180000	Market Surveillance	8 April 2019
-----------------------------	----------------------------------------------	-----------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------	--------------

	<p>G/TBT/N/SAU/993/Rev. 1 7 February 2019</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5.6.2</p>	<p>HS Code: 690721000000 , 690722000000 , 690723000000. This is the new HS codes that concern with the ceramic tiles which must require the Saudi Quality Mark. The other HS codes in the attached technical regulation require the previous conformity assessment procedure with (Type 3)</p>		<p>8 April 2019</p>
	<p>G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2</p>	<p>Labeling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.</p>	<p>Consumer Health</p>	<p>19 April 2019</p>

Slovenia	G/TBT/N/SVN/106 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Fresh beef, pig and poultry meat		8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/SVN/107 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/SVN/105 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			8 April 2019
South Africa	G/TBT/N/ZAF/234 13 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	The proposed regulations cover the quality standards, containers, packing, and marking requirements, sampling procedures, methods of inspection and offences and penalties.		8 April 2019
Spain	G/TBT/N/ESP/40 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			26 April 2019

Sri Lanka	G/TBT/N/LKA/39 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Products covered and HS codes are given in the Gazette Notification No: 2107/45 of 25 January 2019.	Sri Lanka has been imported large amount of motor vehicles which did not meet the above required standards resulting significant deaths and various health related issues. This necessitated Sri Lanka to take urgent action for the protect the human heath and safety and protect the environment.	-
Chinese Taipei	G/TBT/N/TPKM/355 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Cosmetics		6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/356 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Cosmetics		6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/337/Rev .1 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Pharmaceutical products	Protection of pharmaceutical intellectual property	6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/357 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Turning machines and machining centres for cold metal (HS Chapters 84 and 85)		19 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/360 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Sunglasses and lens of sunglasses		21 April 2019

	G/TBT/N/TPKM/358 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			21 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/362 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Electric storage tank water heaters, air conditioners with hermetic type compressor		21 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/361 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Electric Cookers	Energy conservation	21 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TPKM/359 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Cosmetics		20 March 2019

	G/TBT/N/TPKM/363 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Agro-pesticides	Responding to significant and large increase in the international chemical trading, many countries have adopted stringent regulations to ensure safety of chemical use, transportation, and handling. Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals has been incorporated internationally under laws and regulations to standardize and harmonize the classification and labelling of chemicals. CNS 15030 was developed based on the GHS. Both the MOL and the EPA use CNS 15030 as a basis for chemical management and hazards communication. The amendments proposed aim to strengthen the management of agro-pesticides labelling, to bring the local system in line with international standards, and to emphasize and differentials among agro-pesticides properties.	27 April 2019
Tanzania	G/TBT/N/TZA/233 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/235 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			6 April 2019

	G/TBT/N/TZA/232 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/234 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/236 20 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			21 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/240 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			23 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/237 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			23 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/241 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			23 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/238 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			23 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/TZA/239 22 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2			23 April 2019

Thailand	G/TBT/N/THA/532 13 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Tobacco products	Reducing the attractiveness of tobacco products; Eliminating the effects of tobacco packaging as a form of advertising and promotion; Addressing package design techniques that may suggest that some products are less harmful than others; and Increasing the noticeability and effectiveness of health warnings.	14 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/THA/533 13 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2		Safety and consumer protection	14 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/THA/534 25 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2		Safety and consumer protection	-
Trinidad and Tobago	G/TBT/N/TTO/120 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Concrete and concrete products (ICS:91.100.30)		8 April 2019
Uganda	G/TBT/N/UGA/1020 5 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Dark sweet molasses, Black strap molasses		6 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1023 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Dried mango		8 April 2019

	G/TBT/N/UGA/1025 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Fruit drinks		8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1021 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Fruit juices and nectars		8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1022 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Pickles		8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1024 7 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1026 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Fly ash		27 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1027 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2	Food grade nitrogen		27 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/UGA/1028 26 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2 [X] 5.6.2			27 April 2019

United Arab Emirates	G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	Labelling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.	Consumer Health	19 April 2019
United States of America	G/TBT/N/USA/1437 12 February 2019	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	Fruits and vegetable grade standards		2 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/USA/1438 13 February 2019	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	External power supplies		None
	G/TBT/N/USA/1439 13 February 2019	<input type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	Meat products		8 April 2019
	G/TBT/N/USA/1440 21 February 2019	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2.9.2	General service lamps		12 April 2019

Yemen	G/TBT/N/ARE/457 G/TBT/N/BHR/561 G/TBT/N/KWT/471 G/TBT/N/OMN/394 G/TBT/N/QAT/559 G/TBT/N/SAU/1102 G/TBT/N/YEM/162 18 February 2019	[X] 2.9.2	Labelling that must be written in Packages Tobacco Products.	Consumer Health	19 April 2019
-------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------	--------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------	---------------

n.a. = not available, not identified
